poison the water of this culture and will lead to things such as partial-birth abortion

I remember during previous debate I got a letter from a man in England saying he was watching the debate and heard the Senators describing these children in utero, these deformed children and saying: We need to keep partial-birth abortion available for these mothers late in pregnancy who find out their children are not perfect because we have to give mothers the right to destroy this child who is not perfect, who may not live long, or may have some abnormalities that are problematic. He kept hearing these cases after cases.

The other side does not argue that partial-birth abortion should be legal for healthy mothers and healthy babies, even though that is 99 percent of the abortions that occur, are partial-birth abortion; 100 percent in Kansas.

What they argue is, it is the hard cases. He said: I sat there and listened to Member after Member get up and describe people like me, for I am in a wheelchair and I have spina bifida. I am one of those cases, and they want to get rid of me.

And you say: Oh, no, abortion does not have an impact on how we view life. Oh, no, we do not devalue people. The Senator from New York asked today: Is there an exception in the bill for children with fetal anomalies? She asked me: Does the Senator have an exception in the bill for children with fetal anomalies? In other words, maybe we will sign off on the fact that healthy babies with healthy mothers cannot be killed, but we are going to provide less legal protection for healthy mothers with babies who have anomalies.

The poison of Roe v. Wade infects us all, and the amazing thing is we do not even know it. It is so part of us. We do not even realize it. It is that corrosive, slow effect that hardens us to life, hardens us away from any burden or sacrifice or responsibility. It is truly a poison that infects us all.

Today, the Senator from California, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, offered a letter from an obstetrician from the University of California San Francisco Medical Center about cases in which a partial-birth abortion was necessary. I have a letter in response to that from Dr. Nathan Hoeldtke, who is the medical director of Maternity-Fetal Medicine at Tripler Medical Center, Honolulu, HI. Both are

experts and board certified in maternal-fetal medicine, the doctor whom Senator FEINSTEIN quoted who proposed these cases and Dr. Hoeldtke.

The letter from Dr. Hoeldtke reads:

DEAR SENATOR SANTORUM, I have read the letter from Dr. Philip Darney addressed to Senator Feinstein regarding the intact D&E. often referred to as "intact D&X" in medical terminology, procedure, partial-birth abortion, and its use in his experience.

As a board certified practicing Obstetrician/Gynecologist and Maternal-Fetal Medicine sub-specialist I have had much opportunity to deal with patients in similar situations to the patients in the anecdotes he has

supplied.

In neither of the type of cases described by Dr. Darney, nor in any other that I can imagine, would an intact D&X procedure be medically necessary, nor is there any medical evidence that I am aware of to demonstrate, or even suggest, that an intact D&X is ever a safer mode of delivery for the mother than other available options.

In the first case discussed by Dr. Darney a standard D&E could have been performed without resorting to the techniques encompassed by the intact D&X procedure.

In the second case referred to it should be made clear that there is no evidence that terminating a pregnancy with placenta previa and suspected placenta accreta at 22 weeks of gestation will necessarily result in less significant blood loss or less risk to the mother than her carrying later in the pregnancy and delivering by cesarean section. There is a significant risk of maternal need for a blood transfusion, or even a hysterectomy, with either management. The good outcome described by Dr. Darney can be accomplished at a near term delivery in this kind of patient, and I have had similar cases that ended happily with a healthy mother and baby. Further a standard D&E procedure could have been performed in the manner described if termination of the pregnancy at 22 weeks was desired.

I again reiterate, and reinforce the statement made by the American Medical Association at an earlier date, that an intact D&X procedure is never medically necessary, that there always is another procedure available, and there is no data that an intact D&X provides any safety advantage whatsoever to the mother.—Sincerely, Nathan Hoeldtke.

I thank the Chair, and those who are watching, for their indulgence. I appreciate the tremendous support of the Chair and the statement he made today.

It is very heartening to be on the verge of passing a bill that could end up in law, signed by the President in very short order.

I gave a long talk about Roe v. Wade, but this is not an assault on Roe v. Wade. The point we are making is that this is actually outside of Roe v. Wade. The Court has foreclosed us from hav-

ing a public debate, in having the public and their elected representatives decide the issue of abortion. They have taken it from us and have jealously coveted it for 30 years. But this is an attempt to stop a brutal evil that even the Senator from California, Mrs. BOXER, said her constituents could not bear to watch.

Well, if one cannot bear to watch it, how can they say they believe in it? If it chills one to the bone that we do this to little children, how can we allow it to be legal, to place a baby in the hands that were trained to heal and kill the child in the hands of a doctor?

People know evil when they see it. I believe abortion is an evil. For the first time in this debate, people saw the face, people saw what was being aborted. It was not a blob of tissue. It was not a group of cells. It was a little baby with arms and legs who wanted one thing, the opportunity to live, but who was brutally denied that by the hands of a doctor. Hopefully today—actually, tomorrow with the vote—it will be the beginning of the end of this brutal procedure.

I yield the floor, and I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 9:30 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. SANTORUM. If there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in adjournment under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 8:28 p.m., adjourned until Thursday, March 13, 2003, at 9:30 a.m.

## CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate March 12, 2003:

## THE JUDICIARY

RALPH R. ERICKSON, OF NORTH DAKOTA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA.

ONTED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA.

WILLIAM D. QUARLES, JR., OF MARYLAND, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.